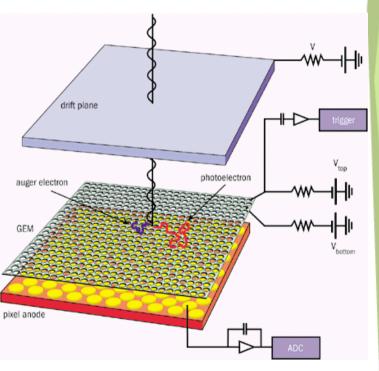
Compton X-ray Polarization Signatures in High Energy Astrophysical Systems

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X-ray Polarimetry - History and Developments





Cerncourier.com/cws/article/cern/28488

Weisskopf et al. 2006

Polarization in cosmic sources

* Emission processes: synchrotron emission, non-thermal bremsstahlung

 Scattering in non-spherical distributions of accreting material e.g. accretion disks, columns

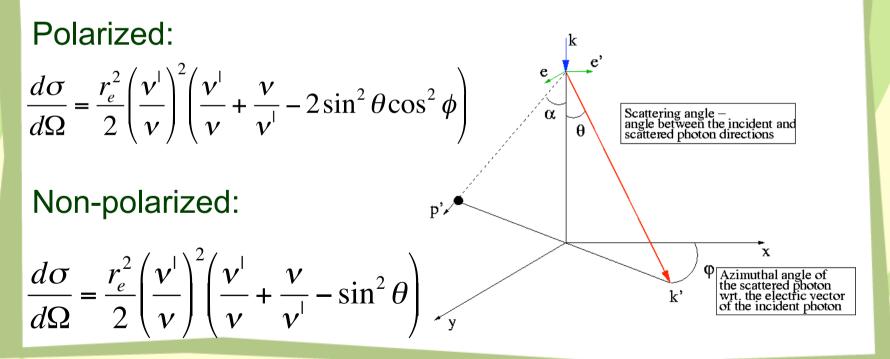
* Reflection e.g. from WD surfaces

Importance of Polarimetry

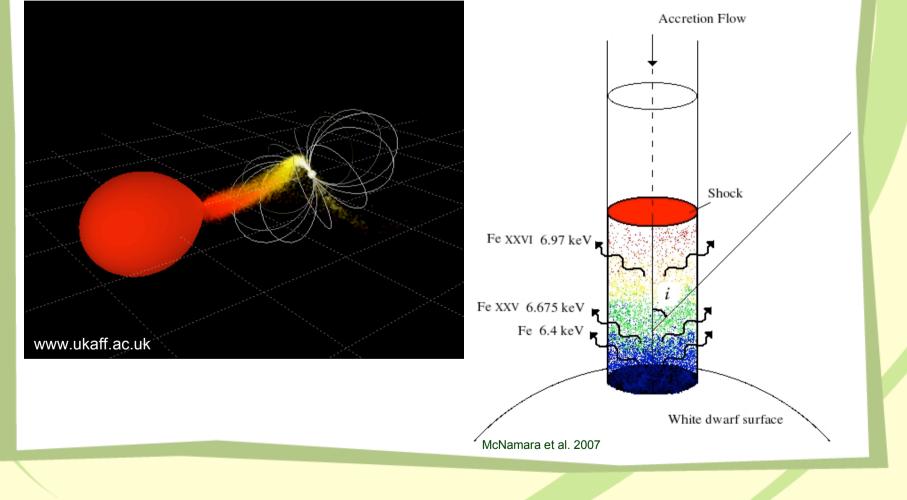
- * Emission mechanisms and scattering/reflection impart unique polarization signatures on photons.
- Polarization probes scattering region geometries and determines physical parameters of emission sites (e.g. magnetic field strength)
- * Current timing/spectral data can be ambiguous, polarimetry can constrain models e.g. accretion disk structure around BHs, NS gap models

Polarized Compton Scattering -Mathematics (Briefly)

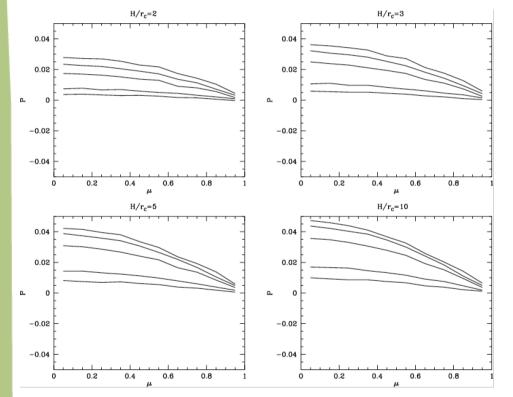
Differential Klein-Nishina cross-section



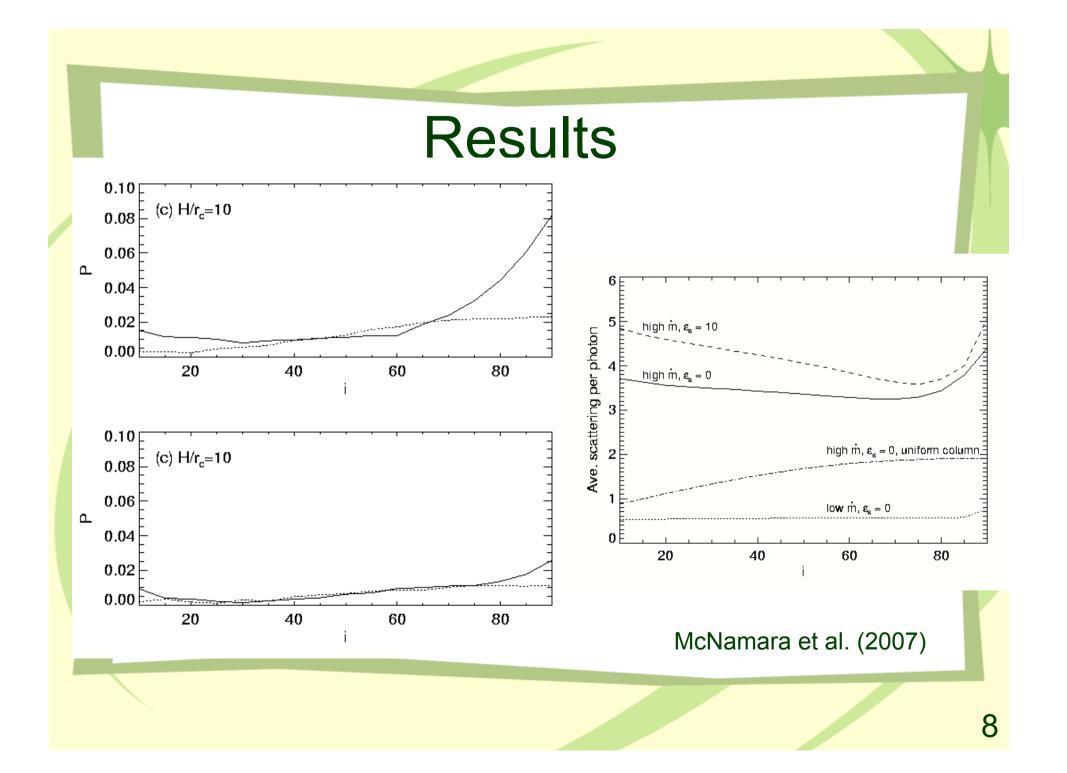
MCV Accretion Column Model



Polarization Signatures - Simple Model (Matt 2004)

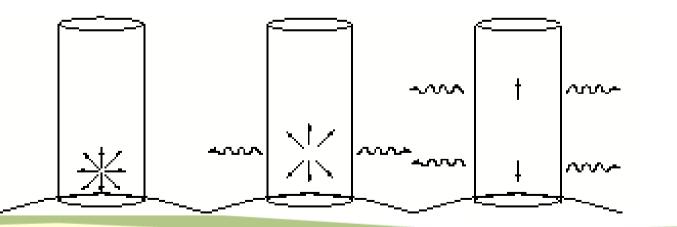


- No shock
- Uniform density and hence emissivity



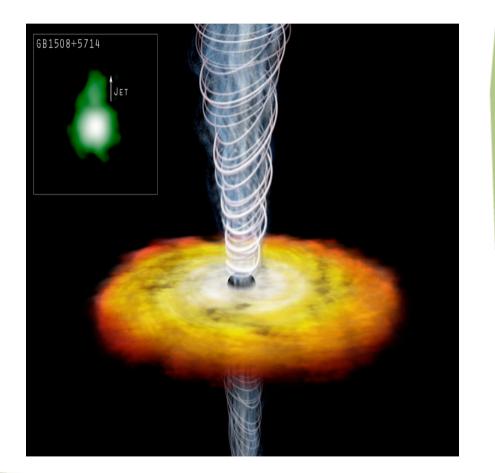
Why do the results differ so dramatically for the different models?

- * Non-uniform density structure has a significant effect on photon distribution and ave number of scatterings.
- * Enhanced emissivity at column base causes photon distributions to become increasingly anisotropic => results in highly polarized photons at large angles.



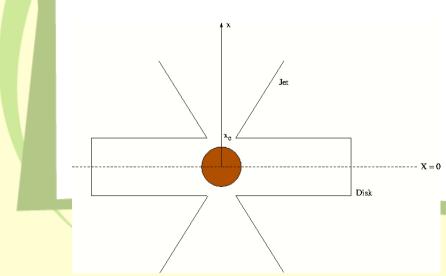
Jet Model

Model scattering of synchrotron radiation emitted in the jet and soft emission from the disk - polarization signatures should differ.

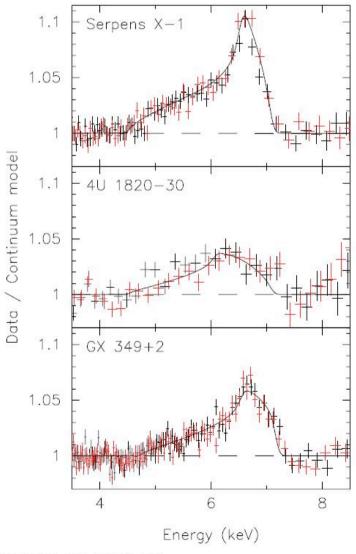


Jet Model (AGN parameters)

- * Conical shaped jet, $\Gamma >> 1$
- * Electron number density falls off as $N_e(x) = N_0 \left(\frac{x}{x_0}\right)^{-2}$
- * Jet electrons are non-thermal with powerlaw distribution, $N_e(\gamma) = K\gamma^{-p}$
- * Three ref frames, electron rest frame, co-moving plasma frame and observer frame.



Future Work



 Modelling Fe emission lines from near BH, investigate whether broadening effects are due to scattering or gravitational redshift.
Investigate polarization of the emission lines.