Showering Merger

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Outline

- Showering muons
- Changes to upmu3
- Changes to fillnt
- Tuning upmu3
- MC Results for SK3
- Using showering muons

Showering Muons

- Developed by Shantanu for his thesis work.
- Showering muons have a peak neutrino energy of ~800GeV whereas thrumus have a peak energy of ~100GeV.
- In SK-III November dataset there are: 1,118 stopping, 1,467 thru, 194 shower

Changes to upmu3

- upmu3 was already set up to calculate showering muon information, but the code was not up to date.
- The code has been updated.
- upmu3 calls shower, which calculates the showering variables:
 - chi1p = showering χ^2 statistic

$$-$$
 shdelta = $< Q_{corr} > -Q_{(I)}$

observed corrected charge

expected value of Q_{corr} (for non-showering) muons as a function of track length

Source Code Modified

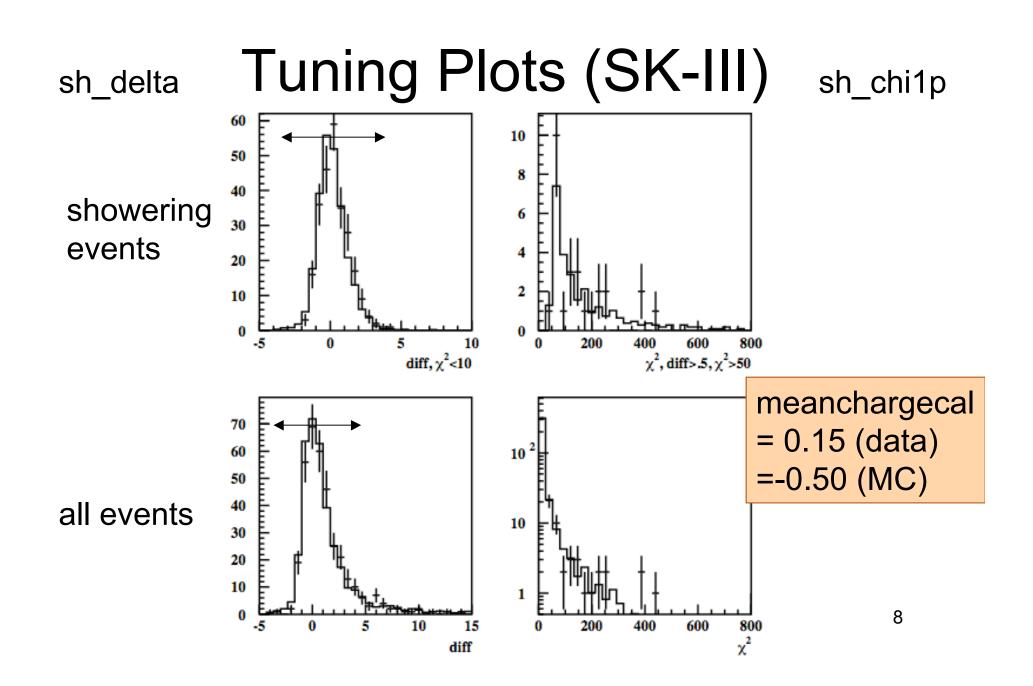
- The following files have been changed: upmu3.F, showering.F, chargerr.F, expcharge.F
- Similar changes have been made for the SK-II version of upmu3.

Change to MCfillnt

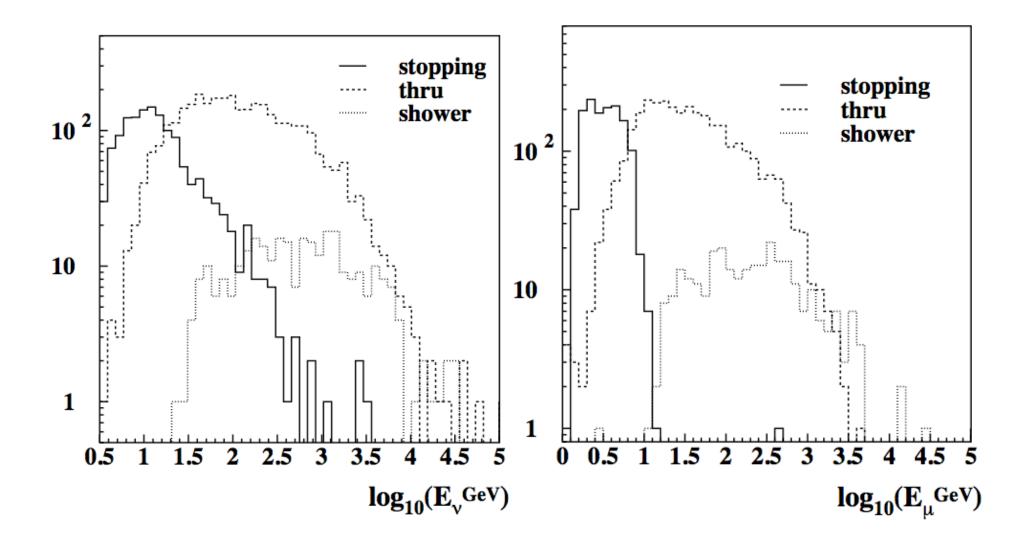
- fillnt has been modified to fill showering ntuple variables: sh_chi1p, sh_delta.
- Affected files:
 - fillnt.F, upmuvtx.h
- This change should be implemented when fillnt is merged with MCfillnt.

Tuning Procedure

- The showering algorithm must be tuned *separately* for data and MC.
- The tuning variable, in shower.F, is called **meanchargecal**.
- It must be adjusted until sh_delta is peaked at zero. sh_delta=mean-meancharge meancharge=expcharge(len)-meanchargecal sh_delta=mean-expcharge(len)+meanchargecal
- Recompile after changing meanchargecal.
- Also check that data agrees with MC.



MC Results for SK-III



Using Showering Muons

 Showering muons are selected using two cuts (from PAW): sh_delta≥0.5 .AND.

sh_chi1p>≥50

These cuts are optimized for SK-I.
They can be changed for SK-II and SK-II.
III.

Extra Slides

